

Preamble to Reply -

In replying to this question, the Government has had to take into account that disclosure of information requested in some parts of the question could have an adverse effect on the efforts being made by the Government to ensure the security of Canada and our system of Parliamentary democracy.

To disclose the details of the ongoing work and structure of Government security authorities and the cooperative interdepartmental security mechanism which has been in existence in various forms for many years and throughout the tenure of office of numerous governments would only serve to enlighten those who would threaten our national security and our political system. At the same time such a disclosure could also strain the trust and confidence of our friends and allies.

Where specific replies have been given, however, it is considered that it is in the public interest to provide the appropriate information so as to clarify misunderstandings and to dispel misapprehensions that may have arisen as a result of the other questions about the interdepartmental security structure and the role of the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group.

The government deeply regrets that the question raises doubts about the competence and integrity of certain officials and reaffirms its confidence in the competence, reliability and loyalty of those and all officials charged with security responsibilities.

1. What public, classified or secret Regulations, Orders in Council, Cabinet Directives or other documents of any kind whatsoever deal with the matter of personnel security clearance in the Public Service of Canada?

Answer:

- (i) Financial Administration Act, Section 7, sub-sections 7 and 8
- (ii) The Regulations of the Public Service Employment Act, Section 26
- (iii) The Public Service Staff Relations Act, Section 112, sub-sections 1 and 2
- (iv) Some collective agreements, Article 4
- (v) Cabinet Directive No. 35

2(a) What criteria are applied in determining whether a group, a member of a group or an individual constitutes a security risk?

Answer:

Security screening procedures are based on the principle laid down in October 1963 by the then Prime Minister, the Right Honourable L. B. Pearson, when he tabled a statement on security policy in the House that "the government also has an obligation to provide itself with every reasonable assurance that those of its employees who require access to the government's, the nation's, secrets are loyal and trustworthy and not vulnerable to persuasion, coercion or blackmail".

2(b) are decisions designating as a security risk a group, a member of a group or an individual usually made by individual departmental security officers, usually junior officials, on delegation by the deputy minister?

Answer:

Such decisions are normally made by deputy heads who may delegate such authority to his senior officers.

*Thiru*

3(a) What appeal procedure is available to a group, a member of a group or an individual designated a security risk?

✓ Answers to 3(a), (b) and (c) underleaf

3(b) is such group, member of a group or the individual so designated fully informed of the decision that he, she, they or it constitute a security risk?

3(c) is an opportunity afforded to refute any charges, assertions or accusations made against such group, member of a group or individual?

3(d) what variations exist in standards and procedures as between departments and/or agencies of the government?

Answer:

7  
There are no variants in standards and procedures as between departments and/or agencies of the government. 11

Answer to

3(a), (b) and (c)

There is no "appeal" procedure as such but rather a review procedure which applies only to employees and which was described in Mr. Pearson's statement to the House on October 25, 1963. The procedure is unchanged. When an employee's loyalty or reliability is in doubt and dismissal may be involved, the employee must be informed. He is told everything that is possible of the reasons for the doubt and he is given an opportunity to resolve the doubt. The department may accept the employee's case and resolve the doubt and accept the employee as reliable. On the other hand, the doubt may be confirmed and a decision may be made to deny the employee access to classified information or to transfer him to less sensitive employment where access to classified information would not be required. If, however, dismissal is recommended, he is given a second hearing, this time by the deputy head. If that interview does not resolve the doubt, and the deputy head agrees that dismissal is necessary, the whole case and relevant information including anything that the employee may have submitted, is considered by a panel of three members of the Interdepartmental Committee on Security and Intelligence, who are not in any way related to the case. The panel then provides its views with respect to the case following which, and using all relevant information, the responsible Minister decides whether or not to recommend dismissal to the Governor in Council.

4(a) Are suspected or alleged homosexuality, sexual abnormality or emotional instability considered sufficient grounds to categorize an individual as a security risk?

Answer to 4(a) and (b)

Suspected or alleged homosexuality, sexual abnormality, emotional instability and financial difficulties are all factors which are taken into account in determining that employees requiring access to the nation's secrets are loyal and trustworthy and not vulnerable to persuasion, coercion or blackmail.

4(b) is suspected or alleged financial difficulties considered sufficient grounds to categorize an individual as a security risk?

(See 4(a))

4(c) who makes such decisions in the case of each department and agency of government?

Answer:

See answer to part 2(b)

4(d) at or in what forum, if any, are such decisions made?

Answer:

See answer to part 2(b)

4(e) on what or whose evidence are such decisions made?

Answer:

Such decisions are made as a result of information provided by the employee and the results of RCMP records, fingerprints and/or field inquiries.

4(f) who or what agency gathers, compiles, investigates, controls and/or releases information that a group, member of a group or an individual is designated a security risk and, in each case, on whose authority?

Answer:

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police, except that the designation as a security risk is made by the employing department or agency.

4(g) does the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group through its role on the security advisory committee maintain a system or a policy of "blackballing" public servants and, if so, on what grounds?

Answer:

No.

4(h) does the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group maintain dossiers or files of information on public servants?

Answer:

No.

5(a) What is Cabinet Directive 35 and when was it passed and/or authorized and by whom?

Answer:

Cabinet Directive No. 35 was the instrument which gave effect to the Cabinet decision on security policy announced in the House by the then Prime Minister on October 25, 1963.

5(b) is Cabinet Directive 35 still in force in its original form and, if not, in what manner and to what extent has it been altered, revised or extended?

Answer:

Yes.

6(a) What are the names of the members of the Inter-departmental Security and Intelligence Committee and what is the name of the immediate superior of each?

Answer:

The information requested is not returnable by the government for reasons of national security.

6(b) what are the names of the members of the Security Advisory Committee and what is the name of the immediate superior of each?

Answer:

The information requested is not returnable by the government for reasons of national security.

6(c) what are the names of the members of the Intelligence Advisory Committee and what is the name of the immediate superior of each?

Answer:

The information requested is not returnable by the government for reasons of national security.

6(d) are each of the Committees described in (a), (b) and (c) composed exclusively of public servants and, if not, which of the members of each such committee are not public servants and, in each case, what are their names, occupations and principal place of residence?

Answer:

Yes.

✓  
3. 6(e) do the committees described in (a), (b) and (c) or any of them make recommendations or decisions as to the political loyalties of a group, member of a group or an individual or as to whether such group, member of a group or individual is a security risk and, if so, on what authority and at whose request, if any, in each instance?

Answer:

No.

6(f) what are the names of the members of the staff, their respective salaries and duties of each of the committees described in (a), (b) and (c) and what funds are available to each such committee?

Answer:

The information requested is not returnable by the government for reasons of national interest.

7(a) What is, or was, the "Groupe Vidal" in the Federal-Provincial relations branch of the Privy Council office and what is, or was its role in informing the government of the Province of Quebec with respect to federal matters?

Answer:

There was no "Groupe Vidal" as such, but there was a working group on federalism of which Claude Vidal was a member. The group existed to consider problems relating to federalism some of which related to Quebec as others did to other parts of Canada. The group did not have a role "in informing the government of the Province of Quebec with respect to federal matters".

7(b) were or are investigations, reports, memoranda or other documents of the RCMP or the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group or the former Security Planning and Research Group forwarded or otherwise conveyed to Premier Bourassa and/or the Quebec Liberal Party and, if so, by what person or agency and to what person?

Answer:

As with all provinces, there are normally direct communications between police forces. Whether information so exchanged reached or reaches Premier Bourassa and/or the Quebec Liberal Party would be a provincial matter. | ?

*is given my further consultation would be a matter within the competence of the provincial authorities concerned*

7(c) what role does or did the Groupe Vidal, the Prime Minister's Office, candidates for the Liberal Party or any of them play in determining which group or groups, member or members of group(s) would or shall be investigated by an agent or agents of the RCMP, the Department of National Defence, the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group or the former Security Planning and Research Group or any other security agency of government?

Answer:

None.

*~~First Minister and/or Party in power~~*

8(a) Is or was Mr. Walter Luyendyk employed or serving as Assistant Secretary to the Cabinet Security and Intelligence Committee?

Answer:

He is Assistant Secretary to the Cabinet for Security and Intelligence.

8(b) if (a) is answered in the affirmative, why is it at all necessary to have a Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, formerly Security Planning and Research Group in the Department of the Solicitor General?

Answer:

The Assistant Secretary to the Cabinet for Security and Intelligence heads a committee secretariat in the Privy Council Office and the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group provides a security advisory staff to the Solicitor General as Minister responsible for internal security.

8(c) was the subordination of the Security Planning and Research Group, now the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, to the Privy Council office recommended by the recent crisis management study of Lt. General Michael Dare?

Answer:

No.

9(a) Since January, 1970, which organizations or groups, suspected or categorized as subversive are being or have been studied, investigated, observed, inquired into by the RCMP, the Armed Forces or the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, formerly the Security Planning and Research Group, of the Department of the Solicitor-General?

Answer:

It is not in the interest of national security to disclose in detail the nature of the work of security authorities.

9(b) do such organizations or groups include Labour Unions?

Answer:

It is not in the interest of national security to disclose in detail the nature of the work of security authorities.

9(c) has the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, formerly the Security Planning and Research Group ever issued a precis, analysis or other documented report with respect to the labour situation in the Province of Quebec or with respect to individual Labour Unions?

Answer:

It is not in the interest of national security to disclose in detail the nature of the work of security authorities.

9(d) how and why and by whom are such organizations and/or groups selected for study, investigation, observation or inquiry?

Answer:

It is not in the interest of national security to disclose in detail the nature of the work of security authorities.

10(a) What is the full name, age, highest educational level achieved, salary and job analysis of each person employed by, seconded to or in any manner working for or with the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group of the Department of the Solicitor General?

Answer:

Information concerning age, and highest educational level achieved is considered private and the remaining information requested is returnable as follows:

Robert Porter Bourne, Head - Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group - Salary Range \$22,000-\$28,000 - advises the Minister and the Deputy Minister on internal and police policy and planning, provides general direction to the branch and contributes as chairman or member on a number of interdepartmental committees.

Walter Joseph Dabros, Chief, Analysis and Information Development Section - Salary Range \$18,960 - \$21,840 - under the direction of the Head, Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, the Chief, Analysis and Information Development Section is responsible for the analysis of basic security problems caused by social unrest and subversion.

Patrick Edward Joseph Banning, Chief - Security Policy Section - Salary Range \$15,900 - \$18,400 - under the direction of the Head, Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, the Chief, Security Policy Section is responsible for the review and development of policy proposals concerning personnel and physical security.

James Roger Armit, Security Officer - Physical Security Policy Section - Salary Range \$15,737 - \$17,883 - under the direction of the Chief, Security Policy Section, the Security Officer, Physical Security Policy, is responsible for the review and development of policy proposals concerning physical security of federal and other specially designated property.

George Wilkinson, Security Officer Personnel Policy - Salary Range \$15,737 - \$17,883 - under the direction of the Chief, Security Policy Section, the Security Officer, Personnel Policy, is responsible for the review and development of policy proposals concerning personnel security.

Joseph Albert Lionel Cloutier Salary Range \$15,737-\$17,883

Roch Gaudet Salary Range \$15,236-20,557

Ronald Watson Harris Salary Range \$15,737-\$17,883

Paul Wallace Salary Range \$15,737-\$17,883

The above four persons are Regional Analysts - under the direction of the Chief Analysis and Information Development, the Regional Analyst is responsible for the analysis of basic security problems caused by social unrest and subversion.

George Lawrence McCully, Criminal/Law Enforcement Analyst, Salary Range \$15,990 - \$18,400 - under the direction of the Chief, Security Policy Section, the Criminal/Law Enforcement Analyst is responsible for the analysis of criminal and law enforcement trends, as well as societal trends in relation to police.

Ernest William Tack, Administrative Officer -  
Salary Range \$9,348 - \$11,133 - under the direction  
of the Head, Police and Security Planning and  
Analysis Group, administers the support services  
of the Group which is a self-contained component  
within the Secretariat of the Ministry of the  
Solicitor General.

Norbert Villeneuve, Security Records Clerk -  
Salary Range \$6,707 - \$7,372 - files or locates  
all the material stored in the retrieval system;  
operates a security shredder, telex machines,  
copier and audio-visual film and slide projectors;  
operates and maintains a Branch library in which  
to retain a wide variety of publications, pamphlets,  
books, films, tapes and similar matter as a Branch  
reference section, under the general guidance of the  
Administrative Officer.

10(b) which of such persons are or have been members of  
the RCMP or the Armed Forces?

Answer:

R.C.M.P.

BANNING, Patrick Edward Joseph  
McCULLY, George Lawrence

Canadian Armed Forces

DABROS, Walter Joseph  
BOURNE, Robert Porter (Retired 1972)  
CLOUTIER, Joseph Albert Lionel (Retired 1971)  
TACK, Ernest William (Retired 1972)  
WILKINSON, George (Retired 1967)

11. Does the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group of the Department of the Solicitor-General have or maintain a file of information, data or material of any nature whatsoever on the Auditor General of Canada or on any New Democratic Party, Social Credit Party or Progressive Conservative Party member of Parliament or on any member of their respective staffs?

Answer:

No.

12(a) Was the previous Deputy Solicitor General, Mr. Ernest Côté, replaced by Mr. Roger Tassé in the fall of 1972?

Answer:

Mr. Roger Tassé was appointed Deputy Solicitor General effective August 1, 1972.

12(b) was the reason for such replacement the refusal of Mr. Côté to subvert the RCMP, the Parole Board or the Penitentiary Service to "Security" and Liberal Party ends?

Answer:

No.

12(c) is Mr. Côté still employed by the government and, if so, in what position and at what location?

Answer:

Mr. Ernest Côté is the Canadian Ambassador to Finland.

13. What steps have been taken to ensure that the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group cannot be penetrated by an agent of a subversive group or organization or by agencies of a foreign country such as the Central Intelligence Agency of the United States?

Answer:

Prior to joining the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group prospective candidates are screened by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in accordance with normal practice for security clearance.

14.(a) Were the drug raids of October 12, 1972, originally planned to take place in early 1973?

Answer:

No. The drug raids which took place on October 12, 1972, were originally planned to be executed over a period of three or four weeks immediately before and after October 12, 1972.

14.(b) did the then Deputy Solicitor General exert pressure on the RCMP to change the planned date for the execution of such drug raids to early October in order to gain favourable press and other media coverage for the then Solicitor-General, Mr. Goyer?

Answer:

No. The coordination of all raids on October 12 was instituted and carried out completely by members of the RCMP. The then Solicitor General was advised of the program a few hours before the raids were conducted.

15. What are the names of the "people from police forces; people from the armed forces; people from External Affairs; Sociologists; Lawyers; MEA's Business Administration people;" stated by the Solicitor-General on the CBC television program "Encounter" on January 18, 1973, to be members of the Security Planning and Research Group, now the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group?

Answer:

- |                                      |                         |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (i) P. Banning                       | - RCMP                  |
| (ii) G. McCully                      | - RCMP                  |
| (iii) W. Dabros                      | - Canadian Armed Forces |
| (iv) R. Gaudet                       | - Sociologist           |
| (v) R. Harris                        | - Business & Economics  |
| (vi) G. Wilkinson                    | - External Affairs      |
| (vii) By public service competition  |                         |
| an officer with legal qualifications |                         |
| is being sought.                     |                         |

16(a) Is Colonel Robin Bourne the Director General of the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, and, if so, when was he appointed as such and at what salary?

Answer:

Mr. Robin Bourne is Head of the Group. He was appointed on June 1, 1971 in salary range of \$21,000 - \$26,500.

16(b) at the time of his appointment, did Col. Bourne have any previous experience or other qualifications in the field of security?

Answer:

Yes.

16(c) upon what dates was Col. Bourne promoted from

(i) Major to Lieutenant Colonel and

(ii) from Lieutenant Colonel to Colonel?

Answer:

(i) May 27, 1968

(ii) June 1, 1971

16(d) did the then Solicitor General, Mr. Goyer, make any recommendations, observations or comment of any nature with respect to the promotions of Col. Bourne and, if so, what was the nature thereof and to whom were they made?

Answer:

No.

16(e) is Col. Bourne still a member of the Canadian Armed Forces and, if so, what are the arrangements by which he is employed full time with the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group?

Answer:

No.

17(a) Has Lieutenant Colonel Walter Dabros of the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group undergone psycho-analysis for personality problems or for any other reason while employed with the Canadian Armed Forces and, if not, has it been recommended that he undergo such treatment?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest to answer these parts.

no, no.

17(b) did the Directorate of Security of the Canadian Armed Forces ever report adversely on aggressive behaviour on the part of Col. Dabros?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest to answer these parts.

no

17(c) upon what dates was Col. Dabros promoted from

(i) Captain to Major and

(ii) Major to Lieutenant Colonel?

Answer:

- (i) May 1, 1966
- (ii) July 7, 1969

17(d) upon what date did Col. Dabros join the Security Planning and Research Group, now the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group and under what arrangements with the Canadian Armed Forces?

Answer:

He was seconded to the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group on August 3/71 from the Canadian Armed Forces.

17(e) did the then Solicitor General, Mr. Goyer or Col. Bourne or either of them make any recommendations, observations or comment of any nature with respect to the promotions of Col. Dabros and, if so, what was the nature thereof and to whom were they made?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest to answer these parts.

no



A0050277\_23-001692

17(f) is or was Col. Dabros in charge of or supervising or in any manner involved in surveillance activities on any university campus in Canada, and, if so, were such surveillance activities being conducted by or with personnel normally employed by

(i) the Department of National Defence

(ii) the RCMP

(iii) the Department of the Solicitor General

or any of them?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest to answer these parts.

17(g) what is the ethnic background of each member of the RCMP Security Service

(i) by province

(ii) by age

(iii) by sex?

Answer:

~~Even if such information were available, which it is not, it would be considered not in the public interest to disclose it.~~ <sup>is not</sup> 2



6

A0050277\_25-001694

18(a) Who is Commander Arthur Butroid of the Department of Manpower and Immigration?

Answer:

Mr. Arthur Butroid is the Special Assistant to the Assistant Deputy Minister (Immigration).

18(b) what are the duties and/or responsibilities of Commander Butroid with respect to security matters?

Answer:

He is responsible to the Deputy Minister and other senior officers in the department as Technical Adviser on security and intelligence matters. Mr. Butroid is also designated as Departmental Security Officer.

18(c) does Commander Butroid receive, directly or indirectly, any compensation or remuneration from

(i) the RCMP

(ii) the Canadian Armed Forces

(iii) the Department of the Solicitor General

or from any other government source in return for his acting as agent for the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group with respect to LIP grants?

Answer:

No, not directly or indirectly and he is not an agent for the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group or for any other group or agency.

*Handwritten note:* Surely he must be part of one or another.

18(d) does Commander Butroid or the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group or any member thereof or person employed thereby or person acting therefor perform any duty, responsibility or work howsoever in connection with on-the-job training, unemployment insurance, manpower mobility, or any other grant through the Department of Manpower and Immigration or through the Unemployment Insurance Commission?

Answer:

Mr. Butroid does not perform any duty, responsibility or work in connection with on-the-job training, unemployment insurance, manpower mobility or other grant available through the Department of Manpower

Answer to 18(d) continued

and Immigration or through the Unemployment Insurance Commission except for the Local Initiative Program. Mr. Butroid's duties in connection with the Local Initiative Program are confined to monitoring of those applications for grants under the Local Initiative Program which are brought to his attention by the Department, or police authorities, in order to ensure that subversive or criminal organization groups, a member of a group or an individual does not receive government funds to further the objectives or aims of such organizations or groups. The Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group is authorized to make available to the Department of Manpower and Immigration information reported to the Solicitor General about abuse or potential abuse of government grants in the Local Initiative Program. The group has no executive responsibility with regard to the approval of applications for grants under the Local Initiatives Program.

18(e) does Commander Butroid have any duties and/or responsibilities in connection with the clearance of immigrants for security reasons and, if so, what are those duties and/or responsibilities?

Answer:

Mr. Butroid acts as Technical Adviser to the Assistant Deputy Minister of the Immigration Division and other officials of the department on security matters involving the screening of immigrants, the immigration offices in Canada and abroad the immigration personnel in Canada and abroad or any other aspect of security in which the Immigration Division may be involved.

18(f) is or has the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, formerly the Security Planning and Research Group involved or been involved in any manner howsoever in the screening of LIP grants for security reasons and, if so, what is the nature and extent of such involvement?

Answer:

See Answer to 18(d)

18(g) is any communication had in any manner howsoever with unsuccessful Liberal candidates or with Liberal Members of Parliament with respect to the approval of LIP grants and, if so, what is the nature and extent of such communication and by whom is it initiated and for what purpose?

Answer:

The Minister's Office exchanged a number of oral and written communications with Liberal Members of Parliament and also with Members of other political parties with respect to L.I.P. applications. Some of these communications were initiated by Members of Parliament to make representation on behalf of certain applicants for grants, or for the purpose of inquiring on the status of applications; others were initiated by the Minister's office to advise Members of Parliament of projects approved for their constituencies.

19(a) Who is Colonel R. Diguer of the Department of Supply and Services and does he perform any duties, responsibilities or work of any nature relating to security matters and, if so, what is the nature and extent thereof?

Answer: (See underleaf)

✓ 19(b) is Col. Diguer a member of the Security Advisory Committee?

Answer:

Not returnable.

19(c) does Col. Diguer perform any duties, responsibilities or work of any nature whatsoever with respect to the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, formerly the Security Planning and Research Group and, if so, what is the nature and extent thereof?

Answer:

No.

19(d) does the Minister of Supply and Services still play any part whatsoever in determining the political loyalty or degree of security risk of individuals, groups or members of a group through Col. Diguer's security branch or through the membership of Col. Diguer on the Security Advisory Committee or in any manner howsoever?

Answer:

No. The Minister carries out those security responsibilities appropriate to his present portfolio.

Answer to 19(a)

Mr. R. Diguier is the Director, Security Services Branch, Department of Supply and Services (formerly Industrial Security Branch). The Security Services Branch is the instrument of government in the Industrial Security field ensuring that Canadian Defence Industry is competitive by observing internationally agreed security rules and procedures and provides protection for government sensitive information contracted to industry. Within the Department of Supply and Services, the Branch is responsible for the security of classified documents, restricted areas and blank cheques; ensuring that departmental employees are security cleared in accordance with established practice and procedures and that industrial contract provisions concerning security are followed. The Branch has no investigative role.

20. What security clearance procedures are involved in clearing Opportunities for Youth grants?

Answer:

Applicants for Opportunities for Youth grants are not subject to security clearance procedures.

21. . How many agents or undercover operatives of the RCMP, the Canadian Armed Forces and/or the Department of the Solicitor General are working in the Department of the Secretary of State?

Answer:

None.

22 (a) Does the Interdepartmental Committee on Security and Intelligence have regular meetings and, if so, with what frequency?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

22(b) what is the name and designation of the head of the Interdepartmental Committee on Security and Intelligence?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

22(c) has the said Committee the overall responsibility for Government Security (domestic) and intelligence (foreign) policy?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

22(d) has the said Committee any statutory authority or any authority by Order in Council defining the role, function, duties and responsibilities of the said Committee and, if so, what is that role, function and those duties and responsibilities?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

22(e) if the said Committee has no statutory authority or authority by Order in Council, where does the Committee derive authority and who or what agency is responsible for the operation, function and activities of the said Committee and to whom or what agency or body does the said Committee report?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

22(f) what government departments and agencies are represented on the Interdepartmental Committee on Security and Intelligence?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

22(g) is the CRTC represented on the Interdepartmental Committee on Security and Intelligence and, if so, was the CRTC actively involved in suppressing news of labour problems during the recent Quebec general strike?

Answer:

The C.R.T.C. is not represented in the inter-departmental security coordination structure.

23(a) What government departments and agencies are represented on the Intelligence Advisory Committee?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

23(b) is Mr. A.F. Hart, Director General, Security and Intelligence Liaison of the Department of External Affairs the secretary of the Intelligence Advisory Committee?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

23(c) is Col. Bourne of the Police and Security Planning Analysis Group a member of the Intelligence Advisory Committee?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

24(a) What government departments and agencies are represented on the Security Advisory Committee?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

24(b) in addition to or included in those comprising the Security Advisory Committee are the following persons members thereof

- (i) Robin Bourne as Chairman
- (ii) Lt. Gen. Dare of the RCMP as Vice-Chairman
- (iii) Arthur Butroid of the Department of Manpower and Immigration
- (iv) R. Diguier of the Department of Supply and Services
- (v) M. Bateman of the Department of National Defence
- (vi) P. Boisvert of the Post Office Department
- (vii) D.N. Cassidy of the Department of Transport
- (viii) R.G. Warren of the Department of Communications
- (ix) J.L. l'Heureux of the Defence Research Board
- (x) John Carson of the Public Service Commission

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

24(c) is the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group used as a full time secretariat for the Security Advisory Committee?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

25. Are any of the following duties and/or responsibilities performed by the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group

- (i) the preparation of policy papers
- (ii) the preparation of recommendations on security policy and security clearances of government employees
- (iii) the preparation and analysis of RCMP and Defence field security work?

Answer:

- (i) Yes
- (ii) Yes. Policy recommendations only with respect to procedures concerning security clearance of government employees. Individual cases are not dealt with by the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group.
- (iii) No

26(a) Has the Security Advisory Committee developed a sky-jacking policy and, if so, what is that policy?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities. \*

26(b) has the Security Advisory Committee developed contingency plans to meet an insurrection in Quebec?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

26(c) has the Security Advisory Committee developed any plans to break the Quebec Labour Unions?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

1?

26(d) has the Security Advisory Committee considered or developed a scheme (under Defence Research Board Shirley's Bay) to utilize the central telephone system in Ottawa to keep under surveillance all telephones in Ottawa and, if so, was this done at the suggestion of Col. Dabros of the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group, formerly the Security Planning and Research Group?

Answer:

It is not considered in the public interest for reasons of national security to disclose the details of the interdepartmental structure for the coordination of security and intelligence activities.

12

27(a) Is a Mr. Don Cobb executive assistant to the Deputy Solicitor General and, if so, does he work with Col. Dabros of the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group?

Answer:

Superintendent D. J. Cobb, RCMP, was appointed Executive Assistant to the Deputy Solicitor General in December 1972. He does not work with Col. Dabros of the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group.

27(b) was Mr. Cobb seconded from the RCMP?

Answer:

Yes

27(c) does Mr. Cobb co-ordinate security investigations of LIP, OFY and New Horizons programs?

Answer:

No

27(d) has Mr. Cobb the authority to initiate investigations into any LIP, OFY or New Horizons project?

Answer:

No

27(e) are any questions relating to LIP, OFY or New Hotizons projects referred to Mr. Cobb for his decision as to whether an investigation into a particular project should be conducted?

Answer:

No

27(f) are any investigations into such projects brought to the attention of local Liberal candidates or Liberal Members of Parliament and, if so, are they or any of them consulted and/or their opinions sought as to whether funding for such a project should be continued, approved or stopped?

Answer:

The Minister's Office exchanges a number of oral and written communications with Liberal Members of Parliament and also with Members of other political parties with respect to L.I.P. applications. Some of these communications were initiated by Members of Parliament to make representation on behalf of certain applicants for grants, or for the purpose of inquiring on the status of applications; others were initiated by the Minister's office to advise Members of Parliament of projects approved for their constituencies.

27(g) was Mr. Cobb in charge of the Security Service investigating the FLQ in Quebec?

Answer:

No. Supt. D. G. Cobb was assistant to the officer-in-charge RCMP Security Service in Quebec from August 1966 to June 1970 and from June 1971 to December 1972. His responsibilities included the investigation of FLQ activities from August 1966 to June 1970 and from June 1971 to August 1972.

28. Do both the RCMP and the penitentiary security services report to the Solicitor-General and, if so, do they each so report to the Solicitor-General through the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group?

Answer:

The Commissioners of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and the Canadian Penitentiary Service report directly to the Solicitor General for all components of their agencies.

29(a) Is the Police and Security Planning and Analysis Group divided into sections and, if so, is one of such sections responsible for police and security information analysis and development headed by Lt. Col. Walter Dabros and is another such section responsible for physical and personnel security headed by RCMP Sub-Inspector Patrick Banning?

Answer:

Yes

29(b) does the section headed by Lt. Col. Dabros, if any, include four "regional analysts", by that or any other name, including Paul Wallace (west), Roch Gaudet (Quebec) and/or Capt. Leo Cloutier (Quebec) and, if not, what are the names of the regional analysts and the job analysis of each?

Answer:

Yes

29(c) has any attempt been made to recruit experts in the key sectors of labour, the mass media and educational system and, if so, what are the results of such attempts?

Answer:

Public service competitions have been held to obtain candidates for the Group. No specific recruiting attempts have been made in the sectors of labour, the mass media and the educational system.

29(d) what part, if any, does

- (i) John Roberts of the Prime Minister's Office
- (ii) Pierre Gravelle of the Prime Minister's Office
- (iii) the Liberal Federation

play in approving LIP grants and what part, if any, does Arthur Butroid of the Department of Manpower and Immigration play in this process?

Answer:

- (i) none
- (ii) none
- (iii) none, nor has Mr. Arthur Butroid any responsibility for approving L.I.P. grants.

A0050277\_42-001711