SECRET

To: Deputy-Commissioner Harvison

Homosexuality Within Government Service

This paper has reference to Security
Panel document SP-199 dated May 12, 1959, particularly to the Conclusion wherein it is recognized that homosexuality constitutes a security threat, that certain homosexual characteristics -- instability, willing self-deceit, defiance towards society and a tendency to surround himself with other homosexuals -- do not inspire confidence, and that information obtained on homosexuals is often limited. Its purpose is to provide information on homosexuality and the threat it constitutes to Canada from a security point of view and it is not in any sense directed towards the moral side of this problem.

- Although there are divergent views on the degree of risk involved, it is generally accepted that homosexuality within the government service is a security risk because of the potential for compromise by a foreign intelligence service through threat of exposure. While this risk is most acute when a homosexual is employed on duties requiring access to classified information, there is a reduced danger represented by those homosexuals who may not in the course of their present duties have access to classified material but who, through normal advancement, may be expected to require access at some future date. It is suggested that consideration might also be given to the danger involved in a homosexual relationship between a government employee and a non-government employee, and also a normal, friendly relationship between two government employees one of whom is a homosexual. Such a relationship came to light recently where a homosexual government employee, with access to classified material, displayed a considerable lack of security concerning his work during the course of his close association with his friend who was not in the government service.
- 3. Limited investigation to date has revealed the names of over 700 proven or suspected homosexuals across Canada. More than 300 of these are, or were, recently residing in the Ottawa area, where the investigation was concentrated. Of the total number some 366 are, or

AN-(5) -5-60

were, employed in the government service. The investigation of necessity went beyond the government service in order that the most complete picture possible might be obtained. However, it is apparent that only a portion of the total number has come to light thus far. One source of information, a self-confessed homosexual residing in Ottawa, has estimated there are at least 3,000 homosexuals in this area alone. Estimates have not been obtained for other areas in Canada. In order that the meaning of these figures will not be misinterpreted, it must be explained that because a person has come to attention in this connection does not mean that he is, in fact, a homosexual. It does mean, however, that further investigation is required if the matter is to be resolved satisfactorily.

Appendix A, those persons who have come to attention and who are employed, or were employed within the past two years in a government department or agency are divided numerically into three categories -- confirmed, alleged, suspected. The "confirmed" are those who have been interviewed and admitted being homosexuals or who have been convicted in court on a charge of sexual deviation with another male. The "alleged" are those who have been named as homosexuals by a source or sources whose information is considered to be reliable. The "suspected" are those who are believed to be homosexuals by a source or sources whose information is considered to be reliable. To date twenty-five (25) persons have been interviewed by the Force; twenty-two (22) of these confessed their weakness, while three (3) denied the allegation.

they'

5. The investigation of charges or suspicions of homosexuality presents more problems than are encountered in a normal character investigation. Usually a case develops on opinions expressed by friends and acquaintances of the person concerned. The opinions are usually based on mannerisms, appearance, conversation, association and, to a lesser extent from an evidence standpoint, their constant frequenting of various places where these people gather ranging from taverns to resort areas. Thus, corroboration is imperative lest an injustice be done. It is also necessary to, and we do, ensure that spite or jealousy has not played any part in one person accusing another of being a homosexual. Extreme care is exercised to avoid the personal embarrassment and damage that would

A0000754_2-000287

SECRET

be caused through indiscretion during the investigation. As a general rule it is felt the person against whom the allegations are made should be interviewed during some stage of the investigation. The benefits of this are two-fold -- it allows the person an opportunity to deny the allegation or to admit its truth. It also makes him aware that the weakness is known to the security authorities which in itself serves a useful purpose by reducing the danger of compromise by blackmail.

- There is evidence at hand that the Soviet Intelligence Service, through threat of exposure of homosexual practices, compromised a Canadian Government employee stationed in Their plan failed only because the person concerned was imbued with a strong sense of loyalty to his country and immediately confessed to his superiors. This was most fortunate, as otherwise the Soviets would have been successful in obtaining a well-placed source of information within a Canadian service at a high level in terms of access to highly classified material. There may have been other similar attempts that have been successful and about which nothing is known. There is no proof that such an attempt has been made in Canada by a foreign intelligence service, but the question always arises as to the possibility of this having occurred and the compromise proved to be successful from the Russian Intelligence or satellite Intelligence Service point of view. Information has been received which raises a suspicion that an initial seemingly innocuous approach may have been made on at least one occasion. The source of information, another self-admitted homosexual, advised that a friend of his, who is a suspected homosexual and a government employee, had been "courted" by members of a Soviet Bloc Mission in Ottawa some time ago. The approach may not have been the opening stage of an attempt to compromise but it apparently caused the subject some concern and raised a suspicion in the source's mind.
- 7. This whole matter is being referred to the Security Panel for the information of its members. The Force has received the necessary ministerial authority to proceed with the investigation in both sensitive and non-sensitive government departments and agencies. ** Proparations are now being made to this end
- 8. It is suggested that we cannot disregard these persons upon whom we have information who are in no way connected with the government

the in being down as guilly as possible.

Infairly the and other known and amphilis

down to any restaurced have and on sente

A0000754_3-000288

morphis problem. As a recell we coment the

service, it being our belief that this is a fraternity that knows no bounds in relation to employment or station in life, and from them we may collect evidence which would corroborate that received previously concerning persons we are most interested in from a security standpoint, not to speak of the possibility that such individuals can, and frequently do, submit the names of individuals upon whom we previously had no information.

9. As a matter of interest our investigation to date has disclosed certain evidence of extreme interest to other friendly security services concerning their nationals, some of whom are employed in such a capacity that they have access to highly classified material. This type of information, we feel, cannot be withheld from the security services because to do so would have an effect on the friendly security community as a whole.

M. Bella) A/A/Commr., D. S. I.

APPENDIX A

Hom	osexuality in	Governm	ment Service	Dispositive
		istics	and colons	TOTAL
Department o	f External Aff	airs:		
	confirmed alleged suspected	9- 17 33	l released 9 resigned 1 retired	59
Department o	f National Def	ence:	9 1	
Navy	 confirmed suspected 	123 76	90 released	
Army	 confirmed alleged suspected 	2 1 4	l released	11
Air Force	- confirmed alleged suspected	3 9 4	1.released	
D.R.B.	- confirmed	1		223
Department o and Welfa	f National Heare:	lth		4
·	confirmed alleged suspected	1 3 1		. 5
Dominion Bur	eau of Statist	ics:		
	confirmed alleged suspected	1 3 1	1 transferred	5
House of Com	mons and Senat	e:		
	confirmed alleged suspected	1 1		5
Department of	f Defence Produ	action:		
	confirmed alleged suspected	2 1 2	1 resigned	5

TOTAL Department of Veterans Affairs: 1 resigned 1 confirmed alleged 3 suspected Board of Transport Commissioners: 4 alleged Civil Service Commission: 1 suspected 1 Government House: 1 1. suspected Post Office Department: 1 released confirmed alleged 5 suspected Canadian Broadcasting Corporation: confirmed alleged suspected Department of National Revenue: 1 retired (1959) 2 confirmed alleged 1 4 suspected Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation: 2 alleged Royal Canadian Mounted Police: confirmed 2 BNE 3 released 3 alleged

SECRET

					TOTAL
Atomic Ener	gy of Canada Lim	ited:			
	alleged	1			ı
National Re	esearch Council:				
	alleged	2			2 .
Department	of Agriculture:				
	confirmed	2			2 .
Northern Af	fairs and Nation	a1			
	alleged suspected	1 2			3
Canadian Ta	ariff Board:				
	alleged	1			1
Canada Cour	ncil:				
	suspected	1			1
Department	of Transport:			4.	
	confirmed alleged suspected	3 1 2	٠		6
Department	of Finance:				
	suspected	1			1
Defence Cor Limited:	nstruction (1951)				
	alleged	1			1
National Ha	arbours Board:				
	suspected	1			1

					TOTAL				
	Department of Tr	rade and Comme	rce:						
	•	confirmed alleged	2	rekased	3				
	Citizenship and	Immigration:							
	÷	suspected	1		1				
	Secretary of State: (Patent and Copyright Office)								
		alleged	1		. 1				
	Unemployment Insurance Commission:								
	1.	alleged suspected	1	· (-	2				
	Bank of Canada:								
	,	suspected	1		1				
	Department of P	ublic Works:							
		confirmed alleged suspected	1 1 1		. 3				
-	National Film Board:								
		alleged	3		3				
Imperial War Graves Commission:									
•		alleged	1		1				
		Total confirm	eđ	157					
		Total alleged	-	67					
		Total suspect	ed	142	366				
No.	of persons releas	ed, resigned or	retire	1 7	m				